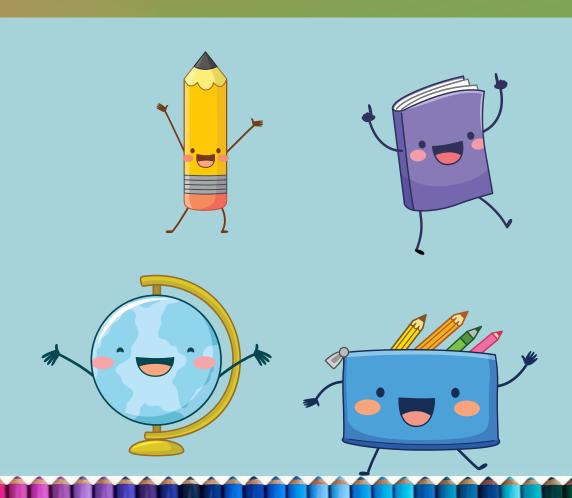
#### My Inclusive Elementary School

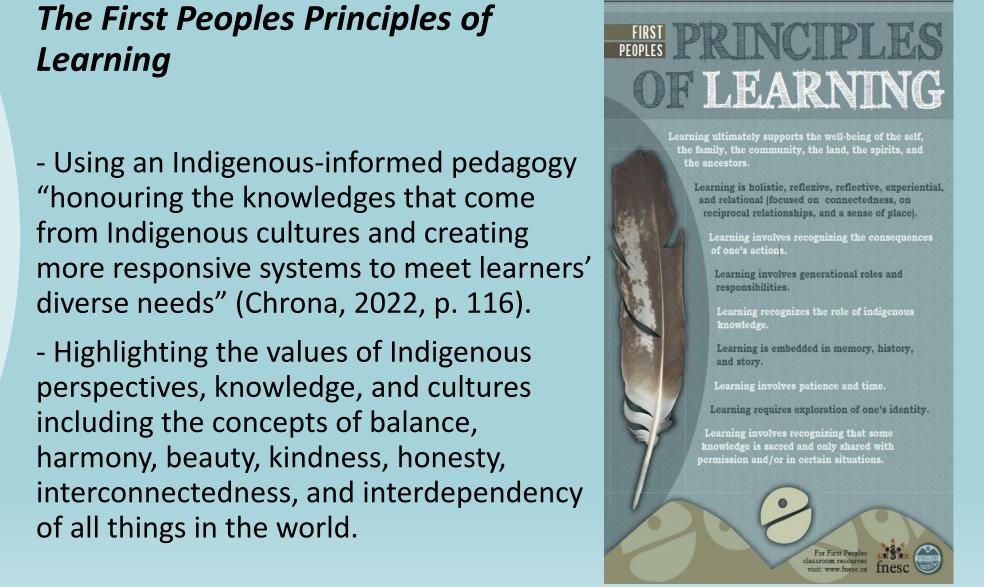
Thu Trang Nguyen
University of Northern British Columbia
EDUC 393: Foundations of Education
Melanie Baerg, M. Ed
November 27, 2023

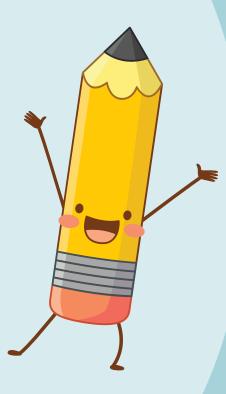




#### Inclusive education

- "Inclusive education means designing schools, classrooms, programs and activities so that all students participate and learn together" (Inclusion BC, n.d.).
- All students are visible, heard, and represented.
- Teachers "teach about social diversity, social justice, and the value of developing understanding and respect for all person" (BC Ministry of Education, 2008).
- Teaching to diversity means that we accept students as who they are, acknowledge their strengths, and let them shine.

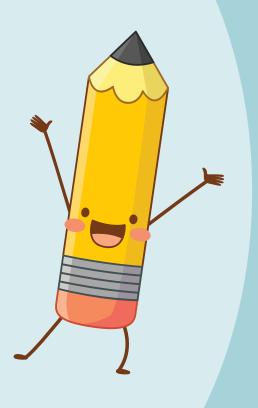






#### **Culturally responsive education**

- Culturally responsive pedagogy is to build a high trust and stress-free educational environment, using culture knowledge as a scaffold to get connected deeply with students and "focus on improving the learning capacity of diverse students" (Hammond, 2017).



#### **SOGI-123**

"At a SOGI-inclusive school, students' gender does not limit their interests and opportunities, and their sexual orientation and how they understand and express their gender are welcomed without discrimination." (SOGI-123, n.d.)



Retrieved from https://www.sogieducation.org/

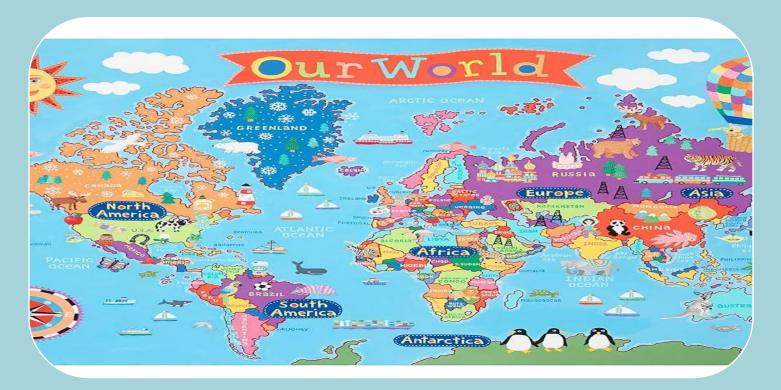


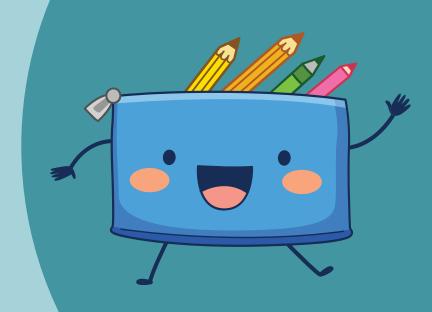
Retrieved from https://www.themonastery.org/blog/rainbow-church-steps-spark-heated-controversy-in-viral-video

Neutral washrooms for all genders









A world map showing where the students come from

Retrieved from https://www.amazon.ca/Kids-Laminated-World-Poster-24in/dp/Bo1M65QoM2?th=1





Indigenous paintings and languages

#### School's activities





Morning Mingle (Welcome messages, songs, physical movements, and free choices of activities including drawing, dancing, chess, coloring, reading, etc.)



Breakfast and snacks program



Filed trips to Indigenous villages and communities

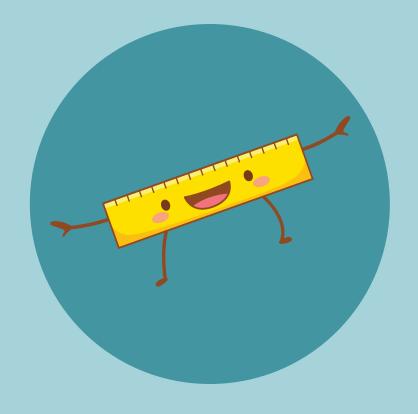


Psychologist's Room: to support students with mental health needs and in transition.



Teachers: training and collaboration

#### Classroom Layout Highlights



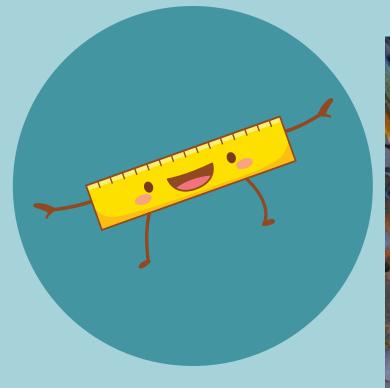
- Flags of countries
- Rainbow displays
- Symbols of Indigenous cultures
- Words of Indigenous languages (for instance, Sm'álgyax)

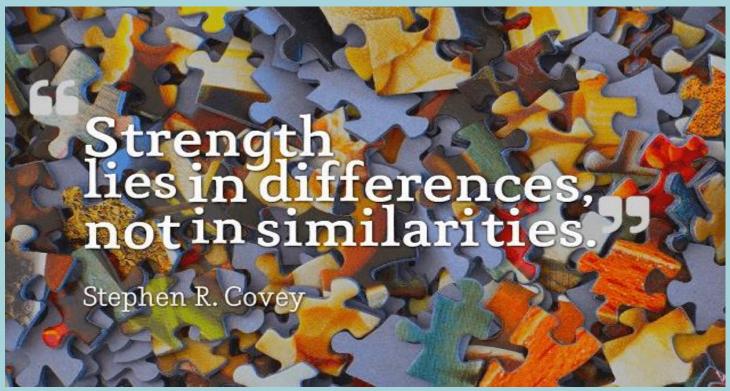


Retrieved from https://www.alaskanativelanguages.org/tsimshian

#### Classroom Layout Highlights

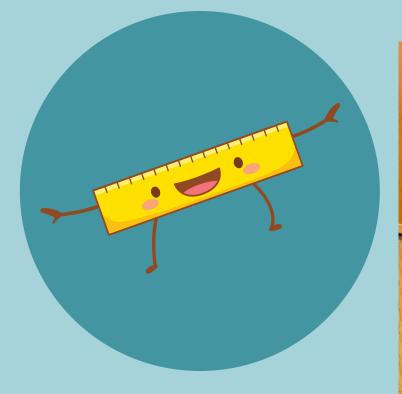
Positive quotes





#### Classroom Layout Highlights

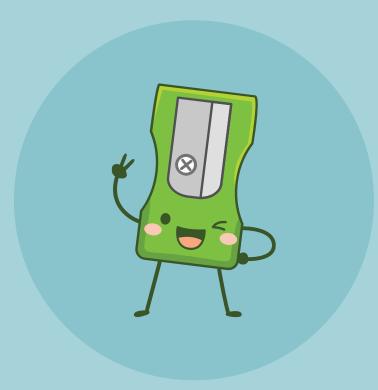
 A quiet space with cancelling noise headphones, books, stress balls, and stuffed toys: to relax and regulate emotions.





Retrieved from https://www.kindercare.com/content-hub/articles/2020/may/home-sensory-spaces-kids

#### Classroom: Building A Community

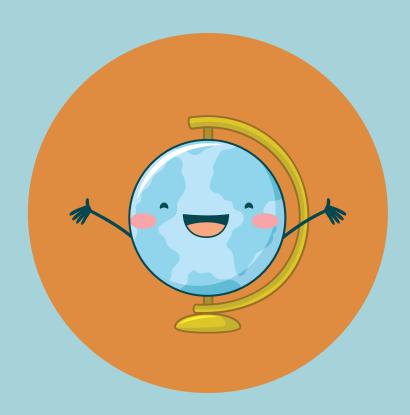


- Classroom rules: to be set up with the help and agreement from all students.
- Seat changes: to allow students to seat next to different friends to get along with each other.
- Buddy reading: to support students with challenges in reading.
- Buddy time: to let the students in higher grades hang out with the small kids.
- Class projects: worms farm to learn about responsibilities in community.
- Outdoor activities: walking trips to honor and respect our relationships with the lands, places, and peoples around us.

#### Classroom: Celebrating the diversity of cultures

 Show and Tell: teacher and students can celebrate their holidays like Chinese New Year or Diwali (the Hindu festival of lights).

 Acknowledging students' needs to perform their religious routines like praying.



#### Classroom: Celebrating the diversity of cultures

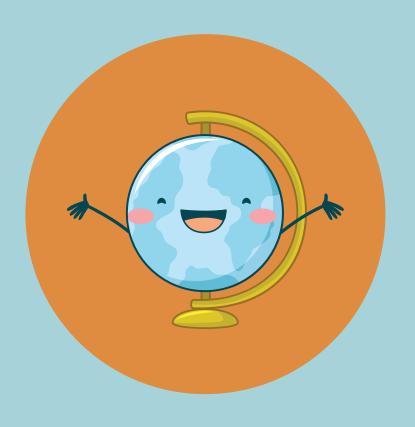
- Inviting Elders and knowledgekeepers into my classroom to share their cultural richness with my students.
- Field trips to Indigenous communities.

This could allow students to access authentic Indigenous voices and resources, preventing an inaccurate or pan-Indigenous approach to Indigenous knowledge and cultures.



Retrieved from https://teachmag.com/archives/7741

#### Classroom: Supporting the diversity of needs



- Technology support for English learners (tablets with translation apps).
- Reading groups based on students' reading levels.
- Writing groups from multiple grades.
- Choices of free time activities: reading, writing, drawing, coloring, etc.
- Assessments: choices of work including oral, written, or visual forms.

Classroom: Accepting all sexual orientations and gender identities

- Allow students to choose their preferred pronouns.
- Encourage students to share about their transition journey through art, videos, and presentations.
- Support students in transition in the area of Social
   Transition (wardrobe, hairstyle, or legal ID¹).



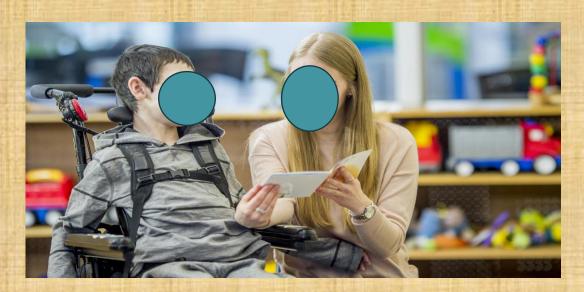
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>See The BC K-12 SOGI Collaborative (2020) for more details on supporting students in transition.

# Teacher's Activities

- Land acknowledgment.
- Wheel of Privilege and Power: to know my students' social and cultural contexts.
- Universal Design for Learning: to tailor my instructions for groups of students that have different levels of understanding and expectations.
- Creating activities like games or contests to help students recognize and celebrate their strengths, boosting their confidence to succeed in their life.
- Using Weekly Check-in app to be informed about students' problems and concerns.

## The important role of Special Education Assistants

- Provide one-on-one help to students with special needs.
- Bring relief to both students and teachers.



Retrieved from https://assiniboine.net/programs/education-assistant

#### The necessary involvement of parents

- Joining student-led conferences.
- Engagement in volunteer activities at school and field trips.
- Productive discussions about SOGI and special needs.



Retrieved from https://indyschild.com/on-chaperoning-my-first-field-trip/

#### Final Statement

- Inclusive education creates equitable opportunities for all students with different backgrounds, needs, and gender identities to succeed at school and in life.
- I am excited to become a teacher of diversity and inclusion, working in an inclusive educational setting as my visioning project.



Anishinabe/Ojibwe: Miigwech Creek: Mvto Shimalgyak (Tsimshian): Doyckshin

Yaqui: Chiokoe utessia Hopi: Kwakwha Alutiiq: Quayanna Choctaw: Yakoke

Dakota: Pidamayaye Tlingit: Gunalcheesh Haida: Haw.aa Klamath: Sepk'eec'a

Pueblo of Acoma: Dawaee Cherokee: Wado
Coeur d'Alene (Salish): Limlemsh Tewa: Gunda
Coeur d'Alene (Salish): Limlemsh Tewa: Gunda
Cheyenne: Nea ese
Lakota: Pilamyaye

Hawaiian: Mahalo Blackfeet: Nitsiiniiyi'taki Sgi: Cherokee Narragansett: Kutapatush

Retrieved from https://www.nativeartsandcultures.org/tribal-partners

Retrieved from https://www.art-is-fun.com/colored-pencils

#### References

BC Ministry of Education & First Nations Education Steering Committee (2006/2007). First

Peoples Principles of Learning. <a href="https://www.fnesc.ca/first-peoples-principles-of-learning/">https://www.fnesc.ca/first-peoples-principles-of-learning/</a>

BC Ministry of Education. (2008). Making Space: Teaching for Diversity and Social Justice

*Throughout the K – 12 Curriculum.* https://www.bced.gov.bc.ca/irp/pdfs/making\_space/makingSpace\_full.pdf

Chrona, Jo. (2022). Wayi Wah! Indigenous Pedagogies: An Act for Reconciliation and Anti-Racist

Education. Portage & Main Press.

Hammond, Z. (2017, May 4). Zaretta Hammond: Culturally Responsive Teaching and the

Brain Webinar. <a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=O2kzbH7ZWGg">https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=O2kzbH7ZWGg</a>

#### References

Inclusion BC. (n.d.). What is Inclusive Education?

https://inclusionbc.org/our-resources/what-is-inclusive-education-2/

SOGI 123. (n.d.). Everyone has a sexual orientation and gender identity.

https://www.sogieducation.org/

The BC K-12 SOGI Collaborative. (2020). SOGI-Inclusive Education Resource Guide.

https://static1.squarespace.com/static/58056b68f5e2316903750b43/t/5ff5df6815516e55c7ab2a79/1609960674

901/ResourceGuide

#### Bibliography

Baerg, M. (2023, November 6). Presentation in Class on November 6, 2023.

https://www.canva.com/design/DAFzPgssZKo/LXwHpwQeAddRsLgB6OS4dg/edit

Baerg, M. (2023, September 25). Presentation in Class on September 25, 2023.

https://www.canva.com/design/DAFzPgssZKo/LXwHpwQeAddRsLgB6OS4dg/edit

Botelho, A. (2023, November 21). Personal communication.

Government of Alberta. (n.d.). Walking Together: First Nations, Metis and Inuit Perspectives in Curriculum.

https://www.learnalberta.ca/content/aswt/worldviews/documents/jagged\_worldviews\_colliding.pdf

#### Bibliography

Hammond, Z. (2021). Culturally Responsive Teaching & The Brain.

https://www.teachingchannel.com/k12-hub/blog/culturally-responsive-teaching-brain/

Inclusion BC. (2017). Implementing Inclusion in BC's Public Schools.

https://inclusionbc.org/wp-content/uploads/2018/11/Implementing Inclusion Education.pdf

Little Bear, L. (2000). Jagged worldviews colliding. In Marie Battiste (Ed.). *Reclaiming Indigenous voice and vision* (pp. 77-85). UBC Press

Moore, S. (2016, June 21). One Without the Other. Wordpress. https://blogsomemoore.com/2016/06/21/one-without-the-other/

Ralabate, P. K. (2011). Universal Design for Learning: Meeting the Needs of All Students.

https://www.readingrockets.org/topics/assistive-technology/articles/universal-design-learning-meeting-needs-all-students

#### Bibliography

SOGI 123. (n.d.). What's happening in British Columbia? https://bc.sogieducation.org/

SOGI 123. (n.d.). Student Involvement in Ongoing Learning.

https://www.sogieducation.org/all-educators-posts/student-involvement-in-pro-d